Major search engines like Google trawl the web, but only have access to a limited amount of what’s actually available online. It’s like dragging a net across the surface of the ocean. Also a lack of quality control in what’s published online should make using these kind of search engines only a small part of your research strategy.

1. Google Search
2. Wikipedia
3. Library Search
4. Databases

Content found in scholarly databases and academic journals using Library Search should be the basis of your assignment research.

Library Search trawls much deeper into the web and captures content which require subscriptions. These include academic journal articles, conference proceedings, theses and book chapters often found in scholarly databases.